

Allergy protocol

An allergic reaction may look like this:

- Hives, spots, rash
- Itchy or puffy eyes
- Shortness of breath
- Swelling of lips, tongue

If a child has an allergic reaction, the following steps must be taken:

- 1. If the reaction is mild:
 - a. Note the time and what may have caused the reaction
 - b. If the reaction is to something the child touched, rinse well
 - c. Call the parents
 - d. (For Oliver, administer Aerius medication if parents ask you to do this in 1st aid cupboard)
 - e. Advise parents to seek medical attention
- 2. If the reaction continues to develop or is severe
 - a. Get the child's emergency information pack from classroom/office
 - b. Call 112
 - c. Explain the circumstances (what happened and when)
 - i. (For Oliver and Lola, tell the ambulance that we have Epipen in school in staff room first aid cupboard)
 - ii. Follow instructions of ambulance service
 - iii. Administer Epipen if instructed to do so
 - iv. Open door/wait on street for ambulance
 - v. Call parents while waiting
 - d. Keep child sitting up and slightly bent forward to help breathing if he is conscious
 - e. Lie child in recovery position if he becomes unconscious



- 3. A report of the incident must be made
- 4. Relevant people should sign the report, including the Director.
- 5. The incident report should be put in the child's file

More information at: <u>http://www.sja.org.uk/sja/first-aid-advice/illnesses-and-</u> conditions/allergic-reactions.aspx

